CHAPTER 230

BOARDS OF ARBITRATION

H. F. 48

AN ACT to amend, revise and codify sections eight hundred sixty-four (864), eight hundred sixty-five (865), eight hundred sixty-eight (868) and eight hundred seventy-one (871) of the compiled code of Iowa, relating to boards of arbitration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

That sections eight hundred sixty-four (864) and eight hundred sixty-five (865) of the compiled code of Iowa are amended, revised and codified to read as follows:

SECTION 1. Petition for appointment. When any dispute arises between any person, firm, corporation or association of employers and their employees or association of employees, of this state, except employers or employees having trade relations directly or indirectly based upon interstate trade relations operating through or by state or international boards of conciliation, which has or is likely to cause a strike or lockout, involving ten (10) or more wage earners, and which does or is likely to interfere with the due and ordinary course of business, or which menaces the public peace, or which jeopardizes the welfare of the community, and the parties thereto are unable to 10 adjust the same, either or both parties to the dispute, or the mayor 11 of the city, or the chairman of the board of supervisors of the county 12 13 in which said employment is carried on, or on petition of any twentyfive (25) citizens thereof over the age of twenty-one (21) years, or 14 15 the labor commissioner, after investigation, may make written application to the governor for the appointment of a board of arbitration 16 and conciliation, to which board such dispute may be referred under 17 the provisions of this chapter; and the manager of the business of 18 19 any person, firm, corporation or association of such employers, or any 20 organization representing such employees, or if such employees are 21 not members of any organization, then a majority of such employees affected may make the application as provided in this chapter, but in no case shall more than twenty (20) employees be required to join 22 23 24 in such application.

[C. C. 864.]

Notification by governor—appointment. The governor shall at once upon application made to him as herein provided, and upon his being satisfied that the dispute comes within the provisions of the preceding section, notify the parties to the dispute of the application for the appointment of a board of arbitration and conciliation and make request upon each party to the dispute that each of them recommend within three (3) days from the date of notice, the names of five (5) persons who have no direct interest in such dispute and are willing and ready to act as members of the board, and the governor shall appoint from each list submitted one (1) of 10 such persons recommended. Should either of the parties fail or 11 12 neglect to make any recommendation within the said period, the 13 governor shall, as soon thereafter as possible, appoint a fit person who shall be deemed to be appointed on the recommendation of the parties in default. The members of the board so appointed shall within five (5) days of their appointment recommend to the governor the name of one (1) person who is ready and willing to act as a third member of the board, and upon failure or neglect upon their part to make such recommendation within the said period, or upon the failure or refusal of the person so recommended to act, the governor shall as soon thereafter as possible appoint some person to act as the third member of the board.

[C. C. 865.]

That section eight hundred sixty-eight (868) of the compiled code of Iowa is amended, revised and codified to read as follows:

SEC. 3. Evidence—witnesses. For the purpose of this inquiry the board shall have all the powers of summoning before it and enforcing the attendance of witnesses, of administering oaths and of requiring witnesses to give evidence, to produce books, papers and other documents or things as the board may deem requisite to the full investigation of the matters into which it is inquiring, as is vested in the district court in civil cases. Any member of the board may administer an oath, and the board may accept, admit and call for such evidence as in equity and good conscience it thinks material and proper, whether strictly legal evidence or not.

[C. C. 868.]

SEC. 4. Subpoenas—by whom served—fees. A subpoena or any notice may be delivered or sent to any sheriff, constable, or any police officer who shall forthwith serve the same, and make due return thereof, according to directions. Witnesses in attendance and officers serving subpoenas or notices shall receive the same fees as are allowed in the district court, payable from the state treasury, upon the certificate of the board that such fees are due and correct. The board shall have the same power and authority to maintain and enforce order at the hearings and obedience to its writs of subpoena as is by law conferred upon the district court for like purposes.

[C. C. 868.]

That section eight hundred seventy-one (871) of the compiled code of Iowa is amended, revised and codified to read as follows:

1. Sec. 5. Report to governor. Within five (5) days after the completion of the investigation, unless the time is extended by the governor for good cause shown, the board or a majority thereof shall render a decision, stating such details as will clearly show the nature of the controversy and the point disposed of by them, and make a written report to the governor of their findings of fact and of their recommendation to each party to the controversy.

[C. C. 871.]

SEC. 6. Decision filed with governor—evidence preserved. Every decision and report shall be filed in the office of the governor, and a copy served upon each party to the controversy, and a copy furnished to the labor commissioner for publication in the report of the commissioner, who shall cause such decision and report to be published

- at a rate of not to exceed thirty-three and one-third cents (33-1/3c)
- per ten (10) lines of brevier type or its equivalent, in two (2) news-
- papers of general circulation in the county in which the business is
- located upon which the dispute arose. All evidence taken and exhibits and documents offered shall be carefully preserved and at the close of 10
- the investigation shall be filed in the office of the governor of the 11
- state and shall only be subject to inspection upon his order.

[C. C. 871.]

Approved February 5, A. D. 1923.

CHAPTER 231

FENCES

H. F. 56

AN ACT to amend, revise and codify section eleven hundred ninety-nine (1199) of the compiled code of Iowa, relating to fences.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

That section eleven hundred ninety-nine (1199) of the compiled code of Iowa is amended, revised and codified to read as follows:

- SECTION 1. Lawful fence defined. A lawful fence shall consist of:
- 1. Three (3) rails of good substantial material fastened in or to 3
 - good substantial posts not more than ten (10) feet apart.
- 4 2. Three (3) boards not less than six (6) inches wide and three-5 quarters (3/4) of an inch thick, fastened in or to good substantial
- posts, not more than eight (8) feet apart. 6
- Three (3) wires, barbed with not less than thirty-six (36) iron barbs of two (2) points each, or twenty-six (26) iron barbs of four 8
- (4) points each, on each rod of wire, or of four (4) wires, two (2)
- thus barbed and two (2) smooth, the wires to be firmly fastened to 10
- posts not more than two (2) rods apart, with not less than two (2) 11 12 stays between posts or with posts not more than one (1) rod apart
- without such stays, the top wire to be not more than fifty-four (54) 13
- nor less than forty-eight (48) inches in height. 14
- Wire either wholly or in part, substantially built and kept in 15 16 good repair, the lowest or bottom rail, wire or board not more than 17
- twenty (20) nor less than sixteen (16) inches from the ground, the top rail, wire or board, to be between forty-eight (48) and fifty-four 18
- (54) inches in height and the middle rail, wire or board not less than 19 twelve (12) nor more than eighteen (18) inches above the bottom 20
- rail, wire or board. 21
- 5. Any other kind of fence, which, in the opinion of the fence 22 viewers, shall be equivalent thereto.

[C. C. 1199.]

SEC. 2. Sheep and swine tight fences. All partition fences may be made tight by the party desiring it, and when his portion is so